AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The claims in this listing will replace all prior versions, and listing of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

- 1. (Currently Amended) A porous calcium phosphate ceramic body comprising a substrate having fine pores, and three-dimensional nanotunnel layers having pluralities of three-dimensionally connected nanotunnels formed on wall surfaces of said fine pores and having pluralities of three-dimensionally connected nanotunnels by mixing together calcium phosphate particles, a dispersant and water to form a slurry in a single dispersion state or near a single dispersion state, immersing said substrate in said slurry, and defoaming said slurry under reduced pressure, wherein said three-dimensional nanotunnel layers are formed in the fine pores inside the substrate.
- 2. (Original) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 1, wherein said three-dimensional nanotunnel layers have an average thickness of 20 nm to 10 μ m.
 - 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Previously Presented) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 1, wherein said three-dimensional nanotunnel layers are formed on 5 to 100% of the wall surfaces of said fine pores.
 - 5. (Previously Presented) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to

claim 1, wherein at least part of said nanotunnels have openings communicating with the fine pores of said substrate.

- 6. (Original) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 5, wherein said openings have an average diameter of 1 to 5000 nm.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 1, wherein said substrate has a porosity of 40 to 98%.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 1, wherein the atomic ratio of Ca/P in said three-dimensional nanotunnel layers is substantially equal to or smaller than that in said substrate.
- 9. (Withdrawn) A method for producing a porous calcium phosphate ceramic body having a three-dimensional nanotunnels layer, comprising the steps of immersing a porous calcium phosphate substrate in a slurry containing fine calcium phosphate particles, defoaming said slurry under reduced pressure, and heat-treating the slurry-carrying substrate.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 9, wherein said fine calcium phosphate particles have an average diameter of 10 nm to 5 μ m.
 - 11. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous calcium phosphate ceramic

body according to claim 10, wherein said fine calcium phosphate particles are as long as 10 to 200 nm in the c-axis and 1 to 100 nm in the a-axis, and have a specific surface area of 30 to $300 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$.

12. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 10, wherein said fine calcium phosphate particles are single crystals of calcium phosphate.

13. (Cancelled)

- 14. (Withdrawn) The method for producing a porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 9, wherein said heat treatment is conducted at a temperature of 600 to 900°C.
- 15. (New) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 1, wherein the pores of the substrate have diameters of about 50 to 500 μm .
- 16. (New) The porous calcium phosphate ceramic body according to claim 1, wherein said dispersant is a nonionic surfactant.